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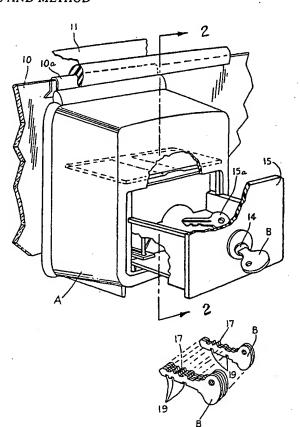


INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

	(51) International Patent Classification ⁵ : B65D 55/14, E05B 49/02	A1	(11) International Publication Number: WO 93/12010 (43) International Publication Date: 24 June 1993 (24.06.93)			
1	(21) International Application Number: PCT/US (22) International Filing Date: 11 December 1992	BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC.				
. d .	(30) Priority data: 07/807,259 13 December 1991 (13.12	.91) 1	Published US With international search report.			
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	(54) Title: LOCK WITH KEY IDENTIFYING APPARATUS AND METHOD					

(57) Abstract

A lock having a plurality of keyed alike keys (B) each having like serrations (17) and each being encoded with notches (19) in an identifiable pattern to actuate light sensing detectors (25) for identifying each respective key (B). The lock has a first series of spaced apertures (20) in its body (21) as well as a second series of spaced apertures (22). When the lock is actuated in response to any one of the access keys (B), light from a source (24) pases through the first and second series of apertures (20, 22) when the notches (19) align therewith so that the detectors (25) provide a signal identifying which of the access keys (B) is being used to open the lock.



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LOCK WITH KEY IDENTIFYING APPARATUS AND METHOD

Background of the Invention

This invention relates to a lock, operable in response to each of a plurality of access keys, detecting which of the access keys is used in opening the lock.

The ability to keep a record of access to locked

articles is desirable in many businesses. For example, in many instances it is important to keep certain items or areas restricted to only those persons possessing an access key. It is also desirable to keep track of which individuals have gained access, especially when a large

number of like keys are in simultaneous use.

This problem has been addressed through the use of electronic keypads, card readers, and other dual devices wherein a key and some other identifying device or process is required. A user might be required to insert a magnetic card or press in a keypad identification number, before using his key.

All electronic identification locks possess disadvantages in that such locks fail to operate when power is not present, and identification codes may be observed by unauthorized persons as the code is being entered.

The prior art includes a lock actuated by keys which are provided with light actuated means indicating

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authorization or lack thereof. Such locks are illustrated in United States Patent Nos. 3,733,862 and 4,996,514. Others have introduced mechanical locks, with position switches attached, the disadvantage being that only a few electronic identification means may be provided.

Devices constructed in accordance with the invention overcome these and other disadvantages by providing encoded keyed alike keys with a lock capable of identifying which of these keys is operating the lock.

Accordingly, it is an important object of this invention to provide a lock which will operate for any person having possession of one of many keys fitting a particular lock pattern as selected for the lock. Each key has a different identification code made possible by an arrangement of notches on the key. Thus, the assigned possessor of the key may be identified when the key is used in the lock.

Another important object of the invention resides in the fact that even in the event of complete loss of power, the lock will still operate, although it will be unable to identify the assigned possessor of the key.

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operating the lock.

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Summary of the Invention

A key configured in both a conventional manner to operate a mechanical lock and in a predetermined pattern of notches and the like when inserted into the lock and turned, either blocks or allows light beams to pass to light detection circuitry capable of reading the pattern of the notches to identify the particular key being used in the lock. The detected pattern of blocked or non-blocked light beams is decoded into a key identification number or symbol. Thus, the method contemplates providing keyed alike keys for operating a lock, and encoding said keys with a pattern of notches indicating which of the keyed alike keys is used in

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Brief Description of the Drawings

The construction designed to carry out the invention will be hereinafter described, together with other features thereof.

The invention will be more readily understood from a reading of the following specification and by reference to the accompanying drawings forming a part thereof, wherein an example of the invention is shown and wherein:

Figure 1 is a perspective view illustrating a storage box containing a stored key having a lock and key access constructed in accordance with the invention mounted on the window of an automobile;

Figure 2 is a longitudinal sectional elevation taken on the line 2-2 in Figure 1;

Figure 3 is a perspective view illustrating a lock and access key arrangement mounted as in Figures 1 and 2 together with sensor mechanism for determining the identity of the access key;

Figure 4 is a transverse sectional elevation taken on the line 4-4 in Figure 3;

Figure 4-A is a transverse sectional elevation similar to Figure 4 but illustrating the lock with the access key in unlocked position;

Figure 5 is a schematic perspective view illustrating

the access key and related parts of the lock; and

Figure 5-A is a schematic side elevation illustrating
mechanism for actuating detection circuitry.

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Description of a Preferred Embodiment

The drawings illustrate a lock having a cylinder housing, and a cylindrical plug for receiving an access key in an elongated axial slot. The lock is shown positioned for securing a drawer of storage box A in closed position.

A plurality of spaced apertures in the plug permit the passage of light therethrough. Light passage means in the cylinder housing permit the passage of light to the spaced

apertures in the plug. A plurality of encoded access keys B each have at least one notch arranged therein to permit the passage of light through a predetermined opening in the plug. The key excludes the passage of light through another predetermined opening in the plug. The notches are arranged to encode information indicating which person or persons selected from a larger group of authorized persons is identified with each key. A light sensor receives the information encoded in the predetermined arrangement of notches when a key is inserted into the slot in the plug for actuating the lock.

Figures 1 and 2 illustrate a storage box A positioned upon the glass 10 of the window of an automobile 11 by suspending it upon a clip 10a. The box A is illustrated as including an abutment 12 which projects inwardly to provide a stop for locking a cam 13 carried by the cylindrical plug

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14 of the lock against forward movement which would permit opening of a drawer 15. The lock is carried in the slidable drawer 15 within the lock box A for storing a desired article such as an operating key 15a for the respective automobile upon which the box is carried. If desired, another suitable access means or closure such as a hinged door and the like may be utilized for blocking access to a storage device.

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shank with a guiding groove 16. The access key is notched or provided with serrations including projections 17 along one edge in a conventional manner. Such an access key cooperates in a tumbler type lock so that the notches and intervening projections 17 operate the usual tumblers

15 permitting rotation of the plug 14. The spine 18 of the shank of the key is illustrated as being notched as at 19 in a pattern to cooperate with suitable multiple bores or other aperture means 20 in the lock body or housing 21.

When an inserted key has serrations correctly matching suitable tumblers, the plug may be rotated about its axis. A cam 13 or other locking arm or device, is attached to the plug, causing locking and unlocking or some other desired function when the plug is rotated. The body or housing 21 retains the plug and houses suitable tumblers (not shown) and their associated parts.

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other side of the lock.

side of the lock.

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A series of passages or apertures 20 is formed in the body 21 of the lock and a series of openings 22 are placed in the plug so that when the plug is rotated in the body to an actuating position, the light passages in the plug and the light passages in the body line up so that in the absence of any intervening or masking key material, light may pass through the light passages or other suitable openings in the body of the lock, through the spaced light passages or apertures in the plug, and on out through to the

The notches are illustrated as being in the spine of an access key inserted in the lock and turned from the locked position as illustrated in Figure 4 to the actuated position as in Figure 4-A to provide a pattern of open and blocked passages that is decoded into a key identification signal. A series of light emitters or sources 24, provided with power through the plug or connector 30 from the batteries or other power source 31 (Figure 2), are placed so that their emitted light passes into the apertures and openings on one

A series of light detectors 25 are placed on the other side of the lock such that, in the instance of an open passage, light from the emitter falls on a respective detector. The light emitters and light detectors are illustrated in Figure 3 as positioned upon opposite legs of

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a mounting bracket 32. In the case of the absence of a notch in the key, causing the light to be blocked, the light from an emitter will not fall on the respective detector.

This pattern of passed and blocked light is received by

suitable detection circuitry illustrated in Figure 5 at 26
for use in amplification and other desirable conditioning of
the signal for use by suitable decoding circuitry 27 if

necessary. The decoding circuitry is connected through the

plug 30 (Figure 4) or connector to yield an identification symbol or number useful by a computer 33 (Figure 5) and the like to display or record indicating the identity of the person operating the access key. The limit of identification numbers or symbols is controlled as a binary function of the number of passages in the lock body. Four passages would yield sixteen possible symbols while eight passages would yield two hundred fifty-six possible symbols. Some of the identification bits could be used for parity or error checking for correction, and others, specifically the all light blocked and all light passed conditions could be interpreted as not allowed states. These two particular identifications could relate respectively to an unencoded key and a possible lock picking attempt. Suitable electronics may be used to sound an alarm, make notification, or record of the event. Figure 1 illustrates a plurality of such keyed alike access keys (B) having like

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projections 17. Each key B is encoded with a distinctive pattern of notches 19 for passing light to detectors 25 when in alignment with the apertures in the lock.

An additional light emitter and light detector pair 28 and 29 respectively may be used to detect actuation of the lock. Light from the emitter is reflected from the cam as the lock cylinder or plug is rotated as illustrated in Figures 3 and 5-A. Reflected light is picked up by the

light detector 29 which actuates a suitable electrical signal indicating that the lock has been opened. This device may act, for example, as a power saver when associated with the detection or other circuitry, not shown, as a means for actuating same, permitting the other circuitry to remain in a dormant state or state of reduced activity, until needed.

If desired, other forms of sensing or detecting means for sensing the pattern of the notches and the like by which the access keys are encoded may be provided. Mechanical switches which may be actuated by the presence or absence of a notch or suitable magnetic effect devices and photoresistive materials may be provided opposite a suitable switch operator for sensing or reading the pattern or code on this key.

It is thus seen that a keyed alike lock with multiple key identification capabilities has been provided. The lock may be a conventional mechanical tumbler lock operated by a

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utilized as by a computer.

key. The key is encoded preferably by providing a spine of the key fitted with notches. Several light beams are' directed through holes in the body of the lock toward several photo-detectors. Some of the beams are blocked by the spine of the key where no notches are present. Other beams are allowed, by the presence of a notch, to pass to the photo-detectors. The photo-detected pattern of present or blocked light beams which is decoded identifies the key being used to operate the lock and such information may be

While a preferred embodiment of the invention has been described using specific terms, such description is for illustrative purposes only, and it is to be understood that changes and variations may be made without departing from the spirit or scope of the following claims.

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What is Claimed Is:

- 1. A device for the storage of operating keys comprising:
 - a closure restricting access to an operating key;
- a lock carried by said closure limiting access to said operating key to a group of authorized persons each possessing an access key having similar serrations along one edge thereof;

means for encoding each access key to permit or to

- restrict the passage of light in a predetermined pattern indicating which person or persons of said group of authorized persons is identified with each access key when opening said lock;
 - a source of light;
 - a sensing means receiving light passing said key reflecting the identity of said person or persons;

means indicating the identity of said person or persons accessing said device and the operating key therein; and

- said serrations on each access key opening said lock.
- 2. In a lock having a cylinder housing, and a cylindrical plug for receiving a key in an elongated axial slot carried in said cylinder housing, the improvement

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comprising:

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a plurality of spaced apertures in said plug permitting the passage of light therethrough;

means in said cylinder housing for supplying light through said spaced apertures in said plug;

a plurality of keys each having therein a predetermined pattern of at least one notch to permit the passage of light through an aperture in said plug;

each of said keys excluding the passage of light

10 through another aperture in said plug;

said predetermined pattern encoding information indicating the identity of the key distinguishing it from a larger number of keys which are also capable of opening the lock; and

- a light sensor receiving said information encoded in said predetermined arrangement [of notches] when a key is inserted into the slot in said plug.
 - 3. A combined mechanical lock and key identifying mechanism comprising:
- a key operated mechanical lock having a body; spaced passages in said body;
 - a key for operating the mechanical lock, the key having a predetermined pattern of notches therealong reflecting the identity of the key distinguishing it from a larger number of keys which are also capable of opening the

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lock;

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a light source projecting a beam of light into said passages in said body of the lock so as to pass through said notches in the key and be blocked by said key where there is no notch in a pattern;

detectors sensing presence of light beams in said

pattern; and

a decoder for identifying the light beams so

sensed.

- 10 4. The mechanism set forth in claim 3 including means signaling when said lock is open.
 - 5. The mechanism set forth in claim 3 including a movable reflective member carried by said lock and a detector receiving light from said reflective member signaling actuation of the lock.
 - 6. The mechanism set forth in claim 3 wherein said predetermined pattern is located along a spine of said key.
 - 7. A closure for the storage of operating keys comprising:
- a receptacle in said closure for containing an operating key;
 - a lock carried by said closure limiting access therethrough to a group of persons;

means for encoding each of a plurality of access
keys, each having similar serrations along one edge thereof,
indicating which predetermined person or persons selected

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from said group of persons is possessed of each key;

a sensing means receiving a signal from said means for encoding each of said plurality of access keys indicative of the identity of said person or persons;

means for indicating and recording the identity of said person or persons accessing said operating key responsive to said signal; and

said serrations on each of said access keys opening said lock.

8. In a lock having a cylinder housing, and a cylindrical plug for receiving a key in an elongated axial slot carried in said cylinder housing, the improvement comprising:

a plurality of spaced openings in said plug;

a plurality of keys each having therein a

predetermined pattern of at least one notch to permit the

passage of a signal producing means through a predetermined

opening in said plug, said pattern encoding information;

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each of said keys excluding the passage of a signal producing means through another predetermined opening in said plug; and

a sensor receiving said information encoded in said predetermined pattern of notches when a key is inserted into the slot in said plug.

9. A combined mechanical lock and key identifying

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mechanism comprising:

- a key operated mechanical lock having a body;
- a key for operating the mechanical lock;
- a pattern of notches along said key reflecting the

 identity of the key distinguishing it from a larger number

 of keys which are also capable of opening the lock;

means producing a signal responsive to said

notches in the key reflecting said pattern of notches;

detectors sensing presence of said signal; and

a decoder for identifying the signal so sensed.

- 10. The mechanism set forth in claim 9 including means signaling whether or not a particular key is legal or illegal.
- 11. The mechanism set forth in claim 9 wherein said notches are spaced along a spine of said key.
 - 12. The method of securing an enclosure comprising the steps of:

providing a lock for said enclosure operated by any one of a plurality of keyed alike keys;

encoding each of said keyed alike keys by providing a distinctive pattern of notches on each of said keys for identifying each key;

sensing said pattern of notches on one of said keys as it is used in said lock; and

decoding said pattern of notches sensed on said

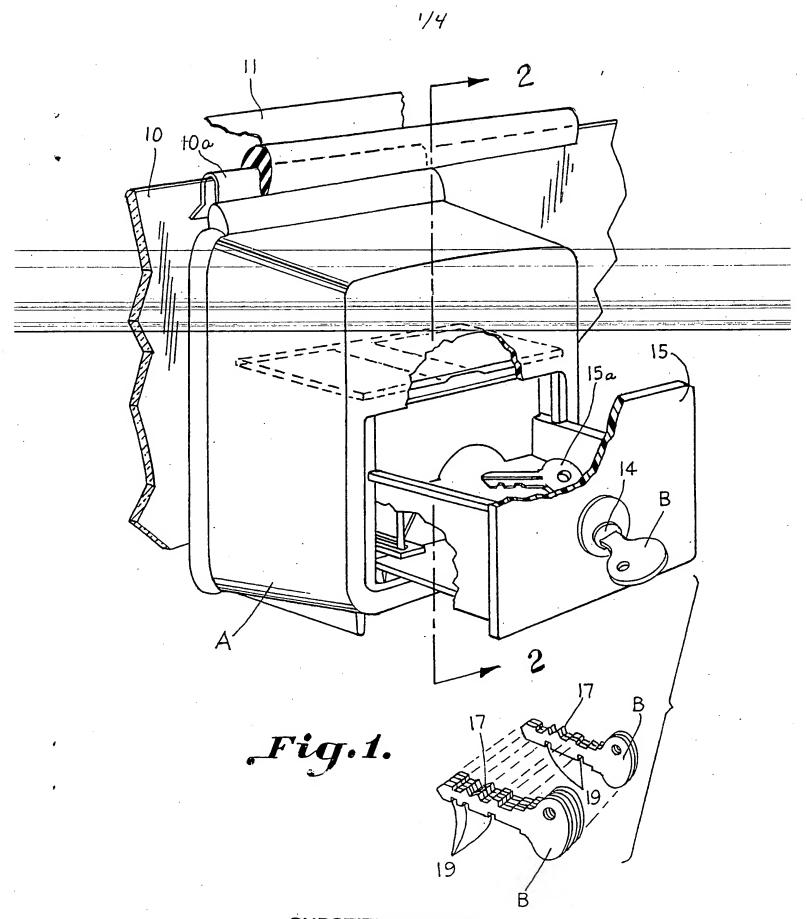
one of said keys;

whereby one can distinguish which particular key is being used so as to know who is gaining entry into said enclosure.

- 5 13. The method set forth in claim 12 including utilizing a source of light for sensing said pattern of notches.
 - 14. The method set forth in claim 13 including providing a receptacle for an automobile key in said
- enclosure, and attaching said enclosure to an automobile window.

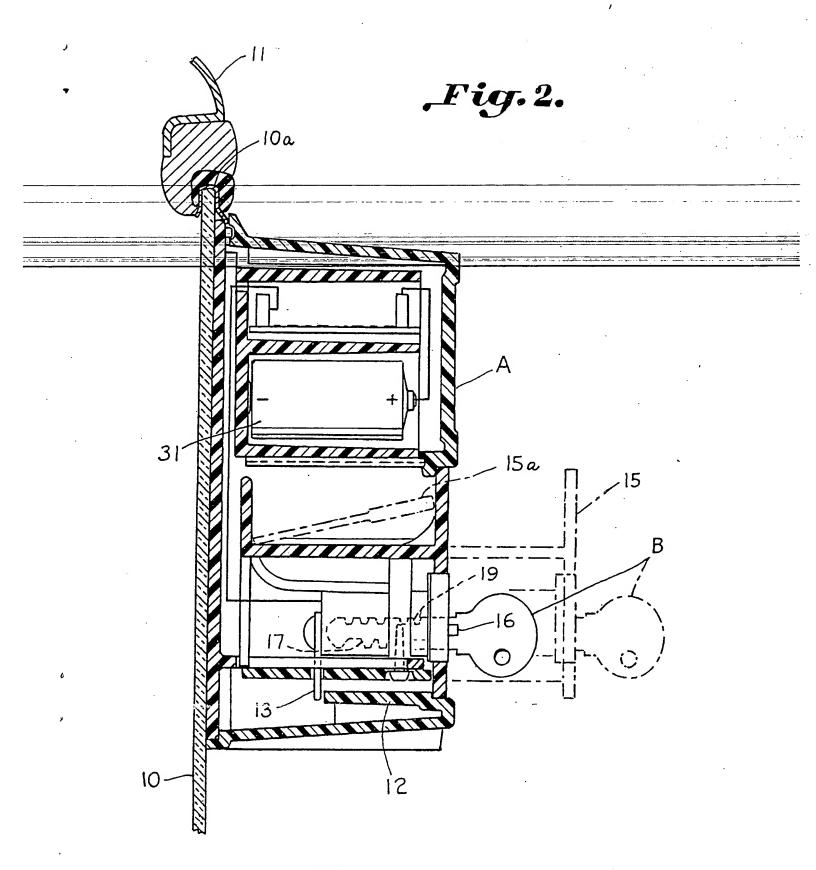
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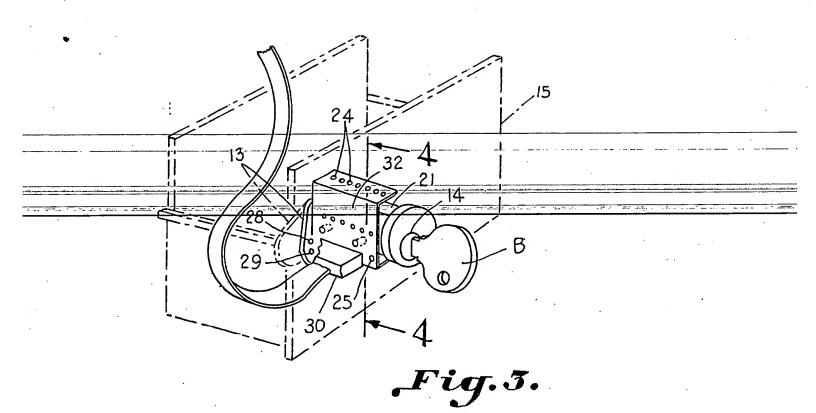


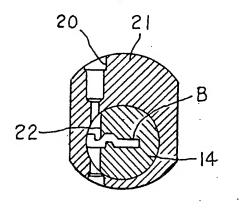
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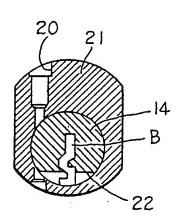
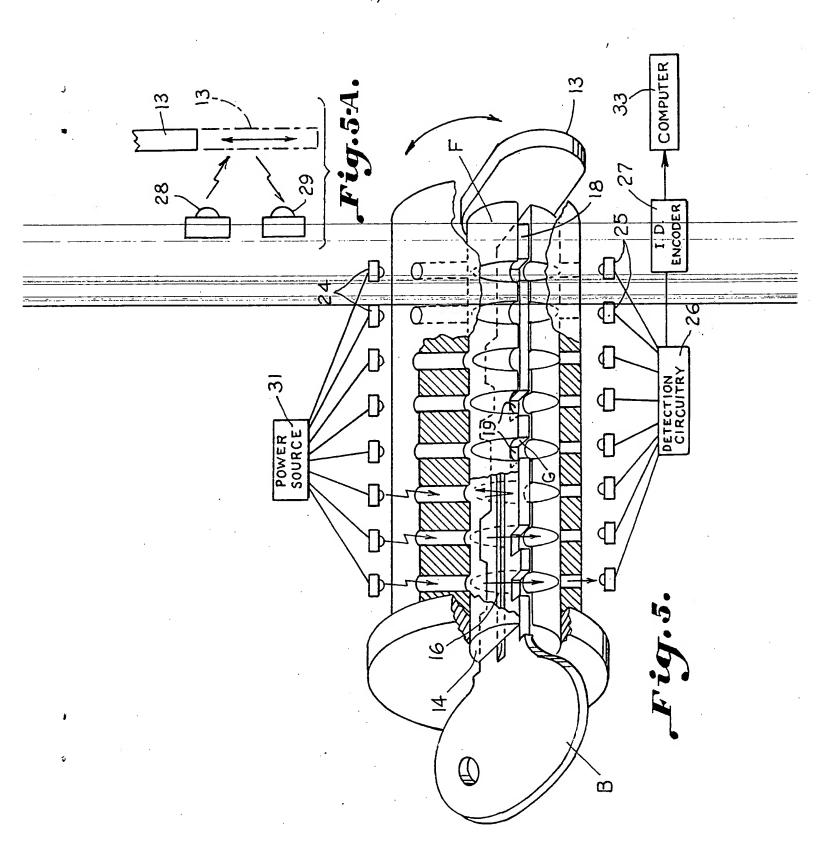


Fig. 4

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•	U.S.: 70/63, 278, DIG.51 Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the field							
	Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable	, search terms used)						
	C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	•						
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X Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. See patent family annex.								
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